# REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

By this Amendment, no claims have been amended, no claims have been canceled, and no new claims have been added to the application. Accordingly, claims 3-7, 9, 10, 12 and 19-33 remain pending in the application. No new matter has been added.

In the prior Office Action, the Examiner withdrew the claim rejections previously asserted in the Office Action mailed June 27, 2008. However, the Examiner rejected claims 3-5, 7, 9, 10, 12 and 19-33 on new grounds. Specifically, the Examiner rejected such claims under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Delson, U.S. Pat. 5,513,654.

Delson discloses a condom having high coefficient of friction skin-contacting inner surface and an outer surface that has anti-blocking or release properties (see Abstract). In a discussion of prior art condom manufacturing processes, Delson notes at col. 4, line 49-56 that:

Traditionally, an anti-blocking, friction-reducing material or "dressing agent" (a dusting powder or lubricant or a combination thereof) is applied to both the exterior and interior surfaces of the sheath prior to or during removal from the core or prior to rolling up of the sheath. Typical dusting agents include talc, calcium carbonate, silica, lycopodium, corn or potato starch, or the like, or combinations thereof.

In contrast to the prior art, Delson teaches that the outer surface only of the condom should be coated with a liquid-state release material such as a curable silicone composition.

Notwithstanding that Delson teaches away from the use of traditional dusting powders in condom manufacture, the Examiner contends that:

Delson thus discloses a condom comprising a finishing powder which comprises a particulate, substantially water-insoluble (since calcium carbonate is substantially insoluble in water, see column 4, lines 42-56), inorganic compound having substantially spherical particle morphology (since a powder is substantially spherical), wherein the finishing powder is calcium carbonate (column 4, lines 42-56) which has a water solubility of

Application No. 10/522,634 Amendment dated March 25, 2009 Reply to Office action of December 30, 2008

less than 0.05 g per 100 g of water (since calcium carbonate is not soluble in water) and the powder is non-immobilized (column 4, lines 42-56).

There are at least two problems with the Examiner's contentions. First, powder particles are not, by definition, substantially spherical. And second, the carbonates conventionally used in condom manufacture in particular are not substantially spherical.

Applicant has attached copies of seven dictionary definitions for the word "powder". None of the definitions defines a "powder" as being formed of substantially spherical particles. On the contrary, a "powder" consists of fine particles without any specification as to the morphology of the particles. For example, Chambers Concise Dictionary defines a powder as "any substance in the form of fine, dust-like particles." (Ex. 1) Similarly, the Larousse Dictionary of Science and Technology defines a powder as "discrete particles of dry material in the range 0.1 - 1000 µm." (Ex. 2) As noted in the following table, various on-line dictionaries also set forth similar definitions for the noun "powder":

# On-Line Dictionary Definitions For The Noun "Powder"

Source	<u>Definition</u>
dictionary.babylon.com (Ex. 3)	Finely ground material, material pulverized to the consistency of dust.
www.merriam-webster.com (Ex. 4)	Matter in a finely divided state; particulate matter. A preparation in the form of fine particles especially for medicinal or cosmetic use.
ardictionary.com (Ex. 5)	The fine particles to which any dry substance is reduced by pounding, grinding, or triturating, or into which it falls by decay; dust.
www.thefreedictionary.com (Ex. 6)	A substance consisting of ground, pulverized, or otherwise finely dispersed solid particles.  Any of various preparations in the form of powder, as certain cosmetics and medicines.
www.yourdictionary.com (Ex. 7)	Any dry substance in the form of very fine, dust-like particles, produced by crushing, grinding, etc.

None of the foregoing dictionary references specify that a "powder" must have a substantially spherical particle morphology. In fact, powders can have <u>any</u> morphology. Substantially spherical particle morphologies are therefore not an inherent or required characteristic of a "powder."

The reference in Delson to "calcium carbonate" was in the context of traditional dusting powders. Thus, a person having ordinary skill in the art would recognize this as a reference to standard calcium carbonate, which was commonly used as a condom dusting powder at the time of the present invention.

The instant specification teaches at page 2, lines 18-20 that "the carbonates [calcium carbonate and magnesium carbonate] used up till now have been produced by standard manufacturing processes and these carbonates have irregular or spicula particle morphology."). Fig. 2 of the present application is a micrograph of standard basic magnesium carbonate, and such figure clearly shows that standard basic magnesium carbonate does not have a substantially spherical particle morphology. On the contrary, it has an irregular, non-spherical particle morphology.

The Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients (Ex. 8) includes several micrographs that demonstrate that calcium carbonate powders are generally irregular, rough and spicula: they are not substantially spherical.

Applicant also notes that Table 1 of Kang et al. (Journal of Applied Toxicology, Vol. 12(6) (1992), pgs. 443-449), which was relied upon by the Examiner in prior Office Actions, identifies a variety of dusting powders and states that such powders have a variety of particle morphologies including irregular, rough rounded, cuboid and so on. The Kang et al. reference describes calcium carbonate powders as being "single cuboid crystals and aggregates." This is additional evidence that refutes the Examiner's contention that calcium carbonate has a substantially spherical morphology.

Claim 12 of the present application claims:

A condom comprising a finishing powder which comprises a particulate, substantially water-insoluble, inorganic compound having an average circularity factor of 15 or below, wherein the circularity factor for each particle used to generate the average is measured according to the formula:

# circularity factor = $p^2/A$

where p is the perimeter of a 2-D image of the particle and A is the area of the 2-D image of the particle.

The prior art simply does not teach a condom as claimed. Applicant recognized that use of standard condom dusting powders (including the standard calcium carbonate-based dusting powders mentioned in Delson) leads to problems such as poor reduction of friction and impedence of lubricant migration. Delson does not suggest that these problems can be overcome through the use of a particulate, substantially waterinsoluble, inorganic compound having an average circularity factor of 15 or below as measured in accordance with the claimed formula. There is no teaching in Delson or in any prior art of record that the morphology of the particles in dusting powders is of any importance whatsoever. Thus, there is no teaching or suggestion in Delson that the use of particles having a substantially spherical particle morphology is associated with any particular benefit. As noted above, Delson simply refers to the use of calcium carbonate dusting powders, with no further qualification as to the nature of the particles, and therefore the skilled person would understand Delson to refer to standard calcium carboante powders, which were commonly in use at the time. Delson therefore reflects the general view in the field prior to applicant's invention that standard calcium carbonate powders were perfectly acceptable for use as condom dusting powders, and that advantages could only be obtained through the use of a liquid-state release agent such as taught by Delson. Applicant's invention, which specifies the use of substantially spherical inorganic particles, is therefore clearly not obvious in view of Delson.

In light of the foregoing, it is respectfully submitted that the present application is in a condition for allowance and notice to that effect is hereby requested. If it is determined that the application is not in a condition for allowance, the Examiner is invited to initiate a telephone interview with the undersigned attorney to expedite prosecution of the present application.

If there are any additional fees resulting from this communication, please charge the same to Deposit Account No. 18-0160, Order No. AAT-15784.

Application No. 10/522,634 Amendment dated March 25, 2009 Reply to Office action of December 30, 2008

Respectfully submitted,

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# CONCISE DICTIONARY



NEW

# CHAMBERS CONCISE DICTIONARY

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ISBN 0550 10072 5

Preface Using the dictiona Model of dictionar Abbreviations use Pronunciation gui **Chambers Concis** 

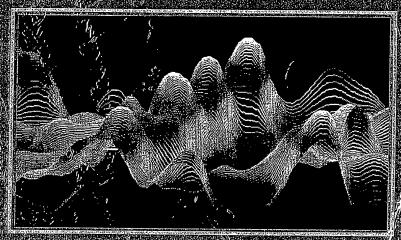
Supplement

Designed and typeset by Chambers Harrap Publishers Ltd, Edinburgh Printed and bound in Great Britain by Clays Ltd, St Ives plc

has an influential role in international atraits - superpower.  9 a person or group exercising control or influence. 10 collog a great deal - The rest did her a power of good. 11 (offen in compounds) any form of energy, especially when used as the driving force for a machine - nuclear power. 12 maths a less technical term for an EXPONENT (sense 3). 13 physics the rate of doing work or converting energy from one form into another. 14 mechanical or electrical energy, as distinct from manual effort. 15 optics a measure of the extent to which a lens, optical instrument or our ved mirror ean deviate light rays and so magnify an image of an object. 16 in the traditional medieval hierarchy of nine ranks of angels: an angel of the sixth rank. • xs odf • power tools. • v	(powered, powering) 1 (also in compounds) to supply something with power - wind-powered. 2 it & intr. collog to move or cause something to move with great force, energy or speed. [13c: from French poer. from Latin posse to beable] ◆ in power elected; holding office • when Labour is in power. the powers that be the people who are in control or in authority. ♦ power something up to recharge its power supply (especially that of a laptop computer) by attaching it to the mains electricity supply.  power base ▷ n something or someone seen as the origin or foundation of authority, backing, support, etc. especially in politics, international relations, business, etc. [1960s]	prover block ν n a politically important and powerful group or body, especially a group of allied states.  powerboat ν n a boat fitted with a high-powered and finely tuned inboard or outboard engine.  power breakfast see Power LUNCH power breakfast see Power LUNCH power broker ν nsomeone who has great influence, eg in politics, especially when they use this influence to sway policies, etch their own or their party's favour. [1966s]  power cut ν n a temporary break or reduction in an electricity supply.  power dive ν n a steep dive made by an aeroplane, with its engines providing firuts ι ν (power-dive) 1 ture said of an aircraft; to perform a power dive. 2 tr & intr to make (an aircraft; to perform a power dive. 2 tr & intr to make (an	aircraft) perform a power dive. [1830s]  gover dressing > n the wearing. by businesswomen, of severely tailored suits and dresses, intended to convey professionalism and assertiveness. [1980s]  powerful > adj 1 having great power, strength or vigour. 2 very effective or efficient • a powerful argument. > adv, dialect = powerfully adv, = powerfullness n.  powerfully adv, = powerfulness n.  powerfully adv, = powerfulness n.  powerfully adv, = power station, 2 colloq a forceful or vigorous person.  powerless > adj 1 deprived of power or authority, 2 powerless > adj 1 deprived of power or authority, 2 powerless to help.	■ powerlessly adv ■ powerlessness n.  power line ▷ n a conductor that carries electricity, especialy one of several supported by pylons. [Bc]  power lunch or power by persons. [Bc]  power lunch or power by preakfast ь n a high-level business discussion held over lunch or breakfast.  power of attorney ▷ n the right to act for another person in legal and business matters.  power pack ▷ n a device for adjusting the voltage of a power source or battery to the voltage required by a particular electrical device.  power source or pattery to the voltage required by a particular electrical device.  power source or pattery to the voltage required by a perticular electrical device.  power equipment that supplies power to a motor vehicle, aeroplane, etc.
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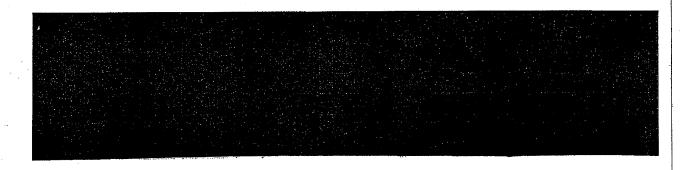
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# **TECHNOLOGY**

General Editor

Professor Peter M B Walker, CBE, FRSE





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# Conten

Preface
Acknowledge
Contributors
Subject catego
Abbreviations

#### The Dictiona

Appendices ISO paper size USA equivale Classification Classification Geological co Palaeozc Mesozoi Cenozoi Constellation: The Sun Planets Planetary sate The Periodic' Properties of Subatomic pa Graphical syr Mathematical Units of meas SI deriv€ Convers SI prefixes SI conversion Physical cons Greek alphab

bottom, which is placed in a tank furnace so that it reaches below the glass level. It protects a worker gathering glass on a pipe or iron from furnace gases; also, the glass here is somewhat cooler than that in the main part of the furnace, where melting is taking place. Also boot, hood.

pot furnaces (Glass) Furnaces in which are set a number of pots. They may be: (1) direct-fired from below; (2) gas-fired from below through a central opening in the circular siege, using the recuperative principle; (3) fired through ports in the siege or in the walls, the waste gases escaping through similar openings. In the last-named process, which holds generally for non-circular furnaces, the regenerative principle may be used.

Potier construction (ElecEng.) A graphical construction

Potier construction (ElecEng) A graphical construction for determining the reactance, armature reaction, and regulation of a synchronous generator from the openregulation of a synchronous generator from the open-circuit, short-circuit and zero-power factor character-

Potier reactance (*ElecEng*) The reactance of a synchronous machine as determined by the Potier construction.

pot magnet (ElecEng) One embracing a coil or similar space, excited by current in the coil or a permanent magnet in the contral core. Main use is with a circular gap at an end of the core for a moving coil. Miniature split-sintered pot magnets are also used to contain high-frequency coils. frequency coils.

potometer (Bot) An apparatus to measure the rate of uptake of water by a plant or a detached shoot etc and often, thus, indirectly to estimate transpiration.

pot still (Chem) A still consisting of a boiling vessel with condenser attached. The use of a fractionating column is optional. Used for batch distillation.

potstone (Min) A massive variety of steatite, more or less

Potter-Bucky grid (Radiol) Type of lead grid designed to avoid exposure of film to scattered X-radiation in diagnostic radiography. Mechanical oscillation of the grid eliminates reproduction of the grid pattern on the radiograph radiograph.

potters' clay (Geol) See ball clay.

Pott's disease (Med) Spinal caries. Tuberculous infection of the spinal column.

Pott's fracture (Med) Fracture dislocation of the ankle-joint, the lower parts of the tibia and the fibula being

potty-putty (Eng.) TN for silicone polymer. Also bouncing putty. See viscoelasticity.

pouch (Zool) Any sac-like or pouch-like structure; as the abdominal brood pouch of marsupials.

poughite (Min) A hydrated sulphate and tellurite of iron, crystallizing in the orthorhombic system.

poultice corrosion (Eng.) That which occurs in pockets or on ledges particularly in cars subject to salt spray and

pound (Build) See pond.

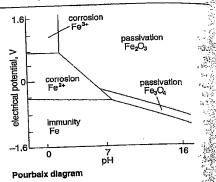
pound (Genrl) The unit of mass in the old UK system of units established by the Weights and Measures Act (1856), and until 1963 defined as the mass of the Imperial Standard Pound, a platinum cylinder kept at the Board of Trade. In 1963 it was redefined as 0-45359237 kg. The US pound is defined as 0-4535924277 kg.

poundal (Phys) Unit of force in the foot-pound-second system. The force that produces an acceleration of 1 ft s<sup>-2</sup> on a mass of 1 pound. Symbol pdl. 32·2 pdl=1 lbf (lb wt); 1 pdl=0.138255 N.

pound-calorie (Genrl) See centigrade heat unit.

pounding (Ships) The heavy falling of the fore end of the ship into the sea when it has been lifted clear of the water by wave action. Also striking the ground under the ship

chemistry and the prediction of metallic corrosion behaviour. The example in the figure represents the relationship for the system iron-water-air at 25°C.



pouring basin (Eng) Part of the passage system for bringing molten metal to the mould cavity in metal casting. It is provided on large moulds, next to the spring hole top, to simplify pouring and to prevent slag from entering the mould. See fig. at moulding.

pour point (Chem, MinExt) The lowest temperature at which a petroleum-based oil, chilled under test conditions, will flow.

powder (Eng. PowderTech) Discrete particles of dry material in the range 0.1-1000 µm.

powder core (ElecEng) Core of powdered magnetic material with an electrically insulating binding material to minimize the effects of eddy currents which are used for high-frequency transformers and inductors with low loss in power. loss in power.

powder density (Plastics) The mass in grams of 1 cm sof

loose moulding powder.

powderless etching (Print) The etching of line blocks in one stage without recourse to dragon's blood between a series of etches, using specially designed etching baths with several features including close temperature regilation, planetary movement of the plate, and controlled application of the etching fluid. A measured quantity of special inhibitor is added to the etchant and this forms protecting film over the metal to control the progress of the ctch, by protecting the sides of the lines from undercutting, and stopping the etch when a suitable depth is reached. Originally introduced for line work only, on magnesium alloy, it has been adapted for half-tone and is particularly suitable for combined work, using micrograin zinc or copper. using micrograin zinc or copper.

powder metallurgy (Eng) The working of metals and certain carbides in powder form by pressing and sintering. Used to produce self-lubricated bearings tungsten filaments and shaped cutting inserts (carbide). See cemented carbides.

powder method (Min) See powder photography.

powder method (Min) See powder photography.

powder photography (Min) Method of identification of minerals or crystals, in which the powdered preparation mounted vertically in a special camera in which it rotates, is subjected to a suitably modified beam of interest in the strength of the produced by rays diffracted by a set of concentrations produced by rays diffracted at the Bragg angle relative to the incident beam, is diffracted on in surrounding strip of film to give positive identification.

Also powder method.

powder porosity (PowderTech) The ratio of the volume of open pores to the total

powder technolog

production and han analysis and the prope powdery mildew (Bot eg cereals and apples, order Erysiphales.

power (Maths) An exp numeral placed above quantity, which indi-quantity is multiplied power (Phys) Rate of c second and expressed The foot-pound-secon which is a rate of wo horsepower is equival power (Stats) The cor error of the second ke rejection of the status favour of a specified:

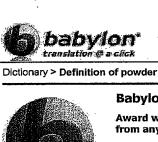
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power-assisted cont wherein the pilot is a acting hydraulic jack ower-assisted stee assists the steering hydraulic pump drive a valve which respowheel.

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## **Definition of Powder**

# Babylon English-English

- v. grind to dust, pulverize into very fine particles; apply powder, dust with powder
- n. finely ground material, material pulverized to the consistency of dust

Powder

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Powder Definition from Language, Idioms & Slang Dictionaries & Glossaries

Dictionaries by Cate Arts & Humanities Business & Finance Computer & Internet Encyclopedia Entertainment & Music Government Language, Idioms & S

Webster's Revised Unabridged Dictionary (1913)

(v. t.)

To sprinkle with salt; to corn, as meat.

(v. t.)

To sprinkle with powder, or as with powder; to be sprinkle; as, to powder the hair.

Language Dictionari English Dictionary Arabic Dictionary Chinese Dictionary **Dutch Dictionary** French Dictionary German Dictionary **Greek Dictionary** Hahraw Dictionan

(v. t.)

To reduce to fine particles; to pound, grind, or rub into a powder; to comminute; to pulverize; to triturate.

(v. i.)

To use powder on the hair or skin; as, she paints and powders.

(v, i.)

To be reduced to powder; to become like powder; as, some salts powder easily.

(n.)

The fine particles to which any dry substance is reduced by pounding, grinding, or triturating, or into which it falls by decay; dust.

(n.)

An explosive mixture used in gunnery, blasting, etc.; gunpowder. See Gunpowder.

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#### ♦ WordNet 2.0

#### Noun

1. a solid substance in the form of tiny loose particles; a solid that has been pulverized

(synonym) pulverization, pulverisation

(hypernym) solid

(derivation) powderize, powderise, pulverize, pulverise

2. a mixture of potassium nitrate, charcoal, and sulfur in a 75:15:10 ratio which is used in gunnery, time fuses, and fireworks

(synonym) gunpowder

(hypernym) explosive

3. any of various cosmetic or medical preparations dispensed in the form of a powder

(hypernym) toiletry, tollet article, toiletries

(hyponym) araroba, Goa powder, chrysarobin

#### Verb

1. apply powder to; "She powdered her nose"; "The King wears a powdered wig" (hypernym) make up

(hyponym) talc

2. make into a powder by breaking up or cause to become dust; "pulverize the grains"

(synonym) powderize, powderise, pulverize, pulverise

(hypernym) disintegrate

(verb-group) powderize, pulverize, pulverise, powderise

(derivation) pulverization, pulverisation

#### Australian Slang

keep out of here

1. (of a female) visit the ladies' room or toilet; 2. (jocular) snort cocaine

weak or effeminate male

depart; disappear

# hEnglish - advanced version

powder

you can click anywhere, but just don't click here.

powder

\pow"der\ (?), n. [oe. poudre, pouldre, f. poudre, of. also poldre, puldre, l. pulvis, pulveris: cf. pollen fine flour, mill dust, e. pollen. cf. polverine, pulverize.]

1. the fine particles to which any dry substance is reduced by pounding, grinding, or triturating, or into which it falls by decay; dust. grind their bones to powder small.

2. an explosive mixture used in gunnery, blasting, etc.; gunpowder. see gunpowder.

similar words(52)

rochelle powder

jesuits' powder

powder magazine

powder hoy

powder hose

detonating powder

neptune powder

powder of projection

persian powder

powder monkey

powder mine

powder-down patch

bronze powder

lycopodium powder

ink powder

baking powder

bleaching powder

powder-posted

powder room

vulcan powder

powder puff

toilet powder

white powder

hercules powder

washing powder

tooth powder

curry powder

powder post

dover's powder

putty powder

hair powder

jelly powder giant powder

carob powder

talcum powder

atlas powder

antimonial powder

built-soap powder

bath powder

take a powder

goa powder

mica powder

worm powder

seidlitz powder

yeast powder
gravel powder
james's powder
insect powder
powder down
powder-down feather
powder compact

Next >>

dusting powder

Concise English-Irish Dictionary v. 1.1 púdar *m.* 

# English Phonetics

['paude]

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# JM Welsh <=> English Dictionary

Deintlwch = n. tooth powder

Ffylor = n. dust, powder

Liwch = n. dust, or powder

Meilon = n. powder, flour

Peillion = n. fine flour, powder

Pylor = n. dust, powder

Pyloru = v. to powder

Pyloryn = n. a grain of powder



Powder Definition from Social Science Dictionaries & Glossaries

# Dream Dictionary

To see powder in your dreams, denotes unscrupulous people are dealing with you. You may detect them through watchfulness.



Powder Definition from Arts & Humanities Dictionaries & Glossaries

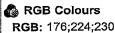


# The Harry Potter Glossary

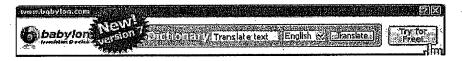
A fine powder which allows wizards to travel from one place to another by going into the fireplace, and saying the name of the place you want to go to.



Powder Definition from Computer & Internet Dictionaries & Glossaries



Hex: B0E0E6 See example...



Powder Definition from Entertainment & Music Dictionaries & Glossaries





Powder Definition from Encyclopedia Dictionaries & Glossaries

# w Wikipedia English - The Free Encyclopedia

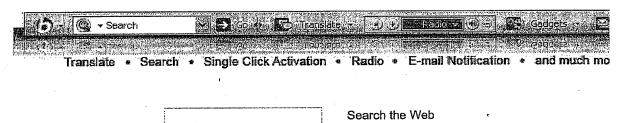
Powder may refer to a number of topics, including:

- <u>Powder</u> material composed of very fine particles that are not cemented together
- Powder (film), a 1995 film
- Powder (band), a mid-1990s Britpop band.
- Powder (doom metal band), a Filipino doom metal band formed by composer and songwriter Nephi Malit
- Powder (book), a 2000 book by Kevin Sampson
- Powder blue, a color
- Powder, a song from the soundtrack of Cowboy Bebop: Knockin' on
- <u>Heaven's Door</u>
- POWDER (W3C), a W3C Working Group that is specifying a protocol for publishing descriptions of (e.g. metadata about) Web resources using RDF, OWL, and HTTP.



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# New TENA Pants Discreet Virtually invisible under clothes

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# powder

Entries 1 to 10 of 23. Next 10

<sup>1</sup>powder (verb)

<sup>2</sup>powder (noun)

Powder

baking powder

Main Entry: 2powder

Function: noun

Usage: often attributive

Etymology: Middle English poudre, from Anglo-French pudre, podre, from L

pulver-, pulvis dust; probably akin to Sanskrit palāva chaff

Date: 14th century

1: matter in a finely divided state: particulate matter

2 a : a preparation in the form of fine particles especially for medicinal or

cosmetic use b: fine dry light snow

3; any of various solid explosives used chiefly in gunnery and blasting

- pow-der-less 4) \-ləs\ adjective

– pow·der·like ♥› \-,līk\ adjective

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**Pronunciation Symbols** 

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powder. (2009). In *Merriam-Webster Online Dictionary*.

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#### Welcome to ARDictionary!

# Powder<sub>1</sub>

**Definition:** The fine particles to which any dry substance is reduced by pounding, grinding, or triturating, or into which it falls by decay; dust.

Powdersize, Inc.

cGMP Compliant Micronization of Food and Pharmaceutical Powders

W W

Powder Flow Testing

Only True Flow tester Applies Jenike science

on flow

Ade by Google

# Powder<sup>2</sup>

**Definition:** An explosive mixture used in gunnery, blasting, etc.; gunpowder. See Gunpowder.

# Powder:

**Definition:** To reduce to fine particles; to pound, grind, or rub into a powder; to comminute; to pulverize; to triturate.

# Powder<sub>4</sub>

**Definition:** To sprinkle with powder, or as with powder; to be sprinkle; as, to powder the hair.

# Powders

Definition: To sprinkle with salt; to corn, as meat.

# Powder<sup>6</sup>

**Definition:** To be reduced to powder; to become like powder; as, some salts powder easily.

# Powder<sup>7</sup>

Definition: To use powder on the hair or skin; as, she paints and powders.

# powder:

**Definition:** any of various cosmetic or medical preparations dispensed in the form of a powder

# powder,

**Definition:** a solid substance in the form of tiny loose particles; a solid that has been pulverized

# powder 10

**Definition:** a mixture of potassium nitrate, charcoal, and sulfur in a 75:15:10 ratio which is used in gunnery, time fuses, and fireworks

# powder 11

**Definition:** apply powder to; "She powdered her nose"; "The King wears a powdered wig"

# powder 12

**Definition:** make into a powder by breaking up or cause to become dust; "pulverize the grains"

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# **EXHIBIT 6**

powder - definition of powder by the Free Online Dictionary, Thesaurus and Encyclop... Page 1 of 4

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n.  1. A substance consisting of graph particles. 2. Any of various preparations					lid	Empty Copper Buy Mi Creme Talcum	Pov lk Po to P
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<ol> <li>An explosive mixture, such a</li> <li>Light dry snow.</li> </ol>	-					Add c	:urrei
v. pow-dered, pow-der-ing, pow-derv.tr.	rs					Charity	
<ol> <li>To reduce to powder; pulver</li> <li>To dust or cover with or as it</li> <li>Slang To defeat handily or defeat.</li> </ol>	f with powder.					*21/	4
<ol> <li>To become pulverized; turn</li> <li>To use powder as a cosmet</li> </ol>						Promote	you
Idioms: keep (one's) powder dry To be ready for a challenge wi	th little warning					Submit y Library fo	
take a powder  To make a quick departure; rui							
	-				•		
[Middle English poudre, from Old F	rench, from Lati	n pulvis,	pulve	er]			
pow <sup>†</sup> der er <i>n</i> .					·		
The American Heritage® Dictionary of the English Updated in 2003. Published by <u>Houghton Mifflin Co</u>			:000 by Ho	oughton Miffiln Cor	npany.		
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Noun							
<ol> <li>a substance in the form of tin</li> <li>a medicine or cosmetic in this</li> </ol>							
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to cover or sprinkle with powder powdery adj	Ou Fielich po	iuro, nom La	ua paivi	ง นนอนุ			
Collins Essential English Dictionary 2nd Edition 200	06 © HarperCollins P	ublishers 2004, 2	006				

Legend: Synonyms Related Words Antonyms

Noun 1. powder - a solid substance in the form of tiny loose particles; a solid that has been pulverized

pulverisation, pulverization

solid - matter that is solid at room temperature and pressure

 powder - a mixture of potassium nitrate, charcoal, and sulfur in a 75:15:10 ratio which is used in gunnery, time fuses, and fireworks

explosive - a chemical substance that undergoes a

rapid chemical change (with the production of gas) on being heated or struck

3. powder - any of various cosmetic or medical preparations dispensed in the

powder - any of various cosmetic or medical preparations dispensed in the form of a pulverized powder

<u>araroba, chrysarobin, Goa powder</u> - a bitter yellow powder used to treat skin diseases

aspirin powder, headache powder - a powdered form of aspirin

baby powder - powder used to prevent a baby's diaper from chafing

<u>Dover's powder</u> - a medicinal powder made essentially of ipecac and opium; formerly used to relieve pain and induce perspiration

face powder - cosmetic powder for the face

medicament, medication, medicinal drug, medicine - (medicine) something that treats or prevents or alleviates the symptoms of disease

bath powder, dusting powder, tollet powder - a fine powder for spreading on the body (as after bathing)

toilet articles, toiletry - artifacts used in making your toilet (washing and taking care of your body)

Verb 1. powder - make into a powder by breaking up or cause to become dust; "pulverize the grains"

pulverize, powderise, powderize, pulverise

<u>powderise</u>, <u>powderize</u>, <u>pulverise</u>, <u>pulverize</u> - become powder or dust; "When it was blown up, the building powderized"

disintegrate - break into parts or components or lose cohesion or unity; "The material disintegrated"; "the group disintegrated after the leader died"

powder - apply powder to; "She powdered her nose"; "The King wears a powdered wig"

make up - apply make-up or cosmetics to one's face to appear prettier; "She makes herself up every morning"

talc - apply talcum powder to (one's body)

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#### powder

noun 1. DUST, pounce (rare) talc, fine grains, loose particles

verb 2. DUST, cover, scatter, sprinkle, strew, dredge

verb 3. GRIND, crush, pound, pestle, pulverize, granulate

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Translations
Select a language:
<ul><li>powder</li><li>n powder ['paudə]</li><li>1 any substance in the form of fine particles soap powder; milk-powder.</li></ul>

powder - definition of powder by the Free Online Dictionary, Thesaurus and Encyclop... Page 3 of 4

2 a special kind of substance in this form, used as a cosmetic etc face-powder; talcum powder.

3 formerly, gunpowder powder and shot.

to put powder on (one's face or body) She powdered her nose. adj powdered

in the form of fine particles of dust powdered chocolate. adj powdery

like powder powdery soil.

powder puff

a piece of very soft material used to apply face-powder etc.

n powder room

a women's restroom.

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#### Mentioned in

<u>Araroba</u> baby powder baking powder bath powder Chrysarobin dusting powder face powder powder compact

powder keg powder puff powder room Powdering tub soap powder <u>talc</u> <u>talcum</u> talcum powder toilet powder

tooth powder washing powder

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### References in classic literature

What sort of a Magic Powder was it that made your friend the Pumpkinhead live? The Road to Oz by Baum, L. Frank context

Hiram Sloane told me the other day that a big envelope addressed to the Rollings Reliable Baking Powder Company of Montreal had been dropped into the post office box a month ago, and she suspicioned that somebody was trying for the prize they'd offered for the best story that introduced the name of their baking powder. Anne of The Island by Montgomery, Lucy Maud

View in context

Well, when it is quite finished this compound will be the wonderful Powder of Life, which no one knows how to make but myself.

The Patchwork Girl of Oz by Baum, L. Frank

View in context

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poverty risk poverty trap poverty-stricken POW POW camp <u>Powan</u> <u>Poway</u> powder

powder and shot

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<u>Powassan</u> encephalitis Powassan encephalitis <u>Powassan</u> Passports | <u>Powassan</u> <u>virus</u>

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powder blue powder compact Powder down powder flask powder horn Powder hose	Powassan virus Powassan virus Powassan virus Powassan virus Powassan virus infection Powassan Ontario Poway Poway Poway Poway Poway High School Poway High School Poway High School Poway High	Railroad Powayan Powburn powder Powder (band) Powder (film) Powder (south Park) Powder (substance) Powder Actuated Fastener Powder actuated tool Powder Actuated Tool Manufacturers' Institute, Inc	shot Powder bark wattle Powder barked Wandoo powder bed powder blue powder blue (color) Powder blue tang Powder box Powder Burns Powder coat Powder coating
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# powder 🐗

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# powder definition

# pow-der (pou'dər)

#### noun

- 1. any dry substance in the form of very fine, dustlike particles, produced by crushing, grinding, etc.
- 2. a specific kind of powder bath powder, face powder

3

- a. a drug in the form of powder
- b. a dose of this

4

- a. gunpowder
  - b. Etymology: prob. in reference to swift explosion of powder slang a sudden or impulsive rush: obs. or Brit. dial. except in the slang phrase \* take a powder, to run away; leave
- 5. fine, light, powdery snow, considered best for skling

Etymology: ME poudre < OFr < L pulvis (gen. pulveris), dust: see pollen

#### transitive verb

- 1. to sprinkle or cover with or as with powder
- 2. to apply cosmetic powder to (the body, face, etc.)
- 3. to make into powder; pulverize

# intransitive verb

- 1. to be made into powder
- 2. to use powder as a cosmetic

#### **Related Forms:**

• powderer pow'-derer noun

# powder idioms

# keep one's powder dry

Etymology: in reference to gunpowder

slang to be ready for action

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# powder synonyms

# powder

n.

particles, <u>film</u>, pulverulence, powderiness, explosive powder, medicinal powder, cosmetic powder; see also <u>cosmetic</u>, <u>explosive</u>, <u>medicine</u> 2.

# keep one's powder dry\*

be ready, be prepared, alert oneself; see prepare 1.

## take a powder\*

run away, abandon, desert; see leave 1.

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# powder usage examples

converse of object

• <u>curry</u>: You could also try this recipe with oily fish like salmon or tuna, with a little more curry powder to spice things up.

adjective modifier

<u>crystalline</u>: The most popular form of coke is a white crystalline powder.

modifies a noun

 <u>diffraction</u>: A detailed section on powder diffraction is also provided, along with a PDF file with slightly different content to the online notes.

noun used with modifier

• talcum: Pour talcum powder onto the stain, leave overnight.

#### more usage examples

The word usage examples above have been gathered from various sources to reflect current and historical usage. They do not represent the opinions of Your Dictionary.com.

# powder quotes

Our name for problems is significant. We call them headaches. You take a powder and they are gone.

-Acheson, Dean Gooderham

Put your trust in God, my boys, and keep your powder dry. See Forgy 330:25. -Blacker, Valentine

A ship is always referred to as 'she' because it costs so much to keep her in paint and powder.

-Nimitz, Admiral Chester (William)

#### more quotes

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W	POW	powder horn W
W	poverty-stricken	powder keg <b>W</b>
W	poverty line	powder metallurgy $f W$
W	poverty level	powder monkey <b>W</b>
W	poverty	powder puff W
W	POV	powder room <b>W</b>
W	pouty	powder-blue W
W	pouts	powdered sugar <b>W</b>
W	pouter	powderer W

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THIRD EDITION



ARTHUR H. KIBBE

# Handbook of PHARMACEUTICAL EXCIPIENTS

# Third Edition

Edited by

# Arthur H. Kibbe, Ph.D.

Professor and Chair
Department of Pharmaceutical Sciences
Wilkes University School of Pharmacy
Wilkes-Barre, Pennsylvania



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London, United Kingdom

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Cover Designer: Tim Kaage

# **Calcium Carbonate**

# 1. Nonproprietary Names

BP: Calcium carbonate JP: Calcium carbonate PhEur: Calcii carbonas

USP: Calcium carbonate; carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1);

calcium carbonate (1:1).

#### 2. Synonyms

Cal-Carb; creta preparada; E170; Millicarb; Pharma-Carb; precipitated calcium carbonate; precipitated carbonate of lime; precipitated chalk; Sturcal.

# 3. Chemical Name and CAS Registry Number

Carbonic acid, calcium salt (1:1) [471-34-1]

4. Empirical Formula

Molecular Weight

CaCO<sub>3</sub>

100.09

# 5. Structural Formula

CaCO<sub>3</sub>

#### 6. Functional Category

Tablet and capsule diluent; therapeutic agent

# 7. Applications in Pharmaceutical Formulation or Technology

Calcium carbonate, employed as a pharmaceutical excipient, is mainly used in solid-dosage forms as a diluent. (1-3) It is also used as a base for medicated dental preparations, and as a buffering and dissolution aid in dispersible tablets. (4) Calcium carbonate is used as a bulking agent in tablet sugarcoating processes and as an opacifier in tablet film-coating. (5) Calcium carbonate is also used as a food additive and therapeutically as an antacid and calcium supplement. (6)

#### 8. Description

Calcium carbonate occurs as an odorless and tasteless white powder or crystals.

# 9. Pharmacopeial Specifications

Test	JP	PhEur	USP
Identification	+	+	+
Loss on drying	≤ 1.0%	≤ 2%	≤ 2%
Acid-insoluble substances	≤ 0.2%	_	≤ 0.2%
Substances insoluble in acetic acid		≤ 0.2%	
Fluoride			≤ 0.005%
Arsenic	≤ 4 ppm	≤ 4 ppm	≤ 3 ppm
Barium	+	+	+

#### (Continued)

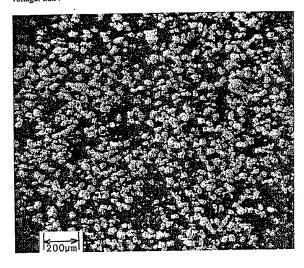
D4	.TP	PhEur	USP
Test	JF	11120.	
Chlorides		≤ 330 ppm	-
Lead	_	_	≤ 3 ppm
Iron		≤ 200 ppm	≤ 0.1%
Heavy metals	≤ 20 ppm	≤ 20 ppm	≤ 0.002%
Magnesium and alkali (metals) salts	≤ 1.0%	≤ 1.5%	≤ 1.0%
Sulfates		≤ 0.25%	
Mercury			≤ 0.5 ppm
Assay (dried basis)	98.5%-100.5%	98.0%-100.5%	98.0%-100.5%

#### SEM: 1

Excipient: Calcium carbonate

Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Lot No: 15A-3 Magnification: 600× Voltage: 20kV



#### 10. Typical Properties

Acidity/alkalinity: pH = 9.0 (10%w/v aqueous dispersion)

Compressibility: See Fig. 1.<sup>(a)</sup> Density (bulk): 0.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Density (tapped): 1.2 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Flowability: cohesive

Hardness (Mohs): 3.0 for Millicarb Melting point: decomposes at 825°C

Moisture content: See Fig. 2.(a)
Particle Size: See Figs. 3(a) and 4.(b)

Refractive index: 1.59

Solubility: practically insoluble in ethanol (95%) and ware Solubility in water is increased by the presence of amn nium salts or carbon dioxide. The presence of alk hydroxides reduces solubility.

Specific gravity: 2.7

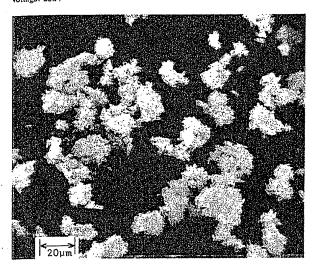
Specific surface area: 6.21-6.47 m<sup>2</sup>/g<sup>(b)</sup>

- (a) Handbook of Pharmaceutical Excipients, First Edition.
- (b) Results of laboratory project for third edition.

SEM: 2

Excipient: Calcium carbonate
Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Lot No: 15A-3 Magnification: 2400× Voltage: 20kV

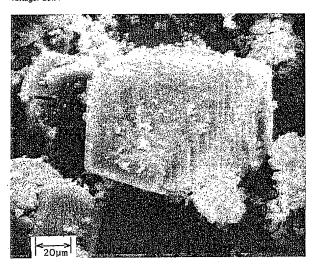


# SEM: 4

Excipient: Calcium carbonate

Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Lot No: 15A-4 Magnification: 2400× Voltage: 20kV

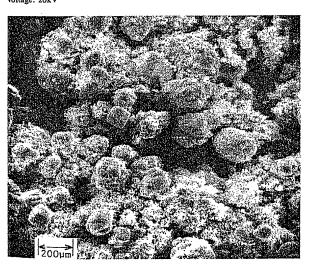


SEM: 3

Excipient: Calcium carbonate

Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

Lot No: 15A-4 Magnification: 600× Voltage: 20kV

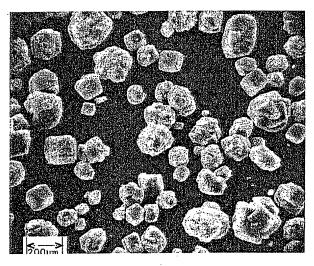


SEM: 5

Excipient: Calcium carbonate

Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels

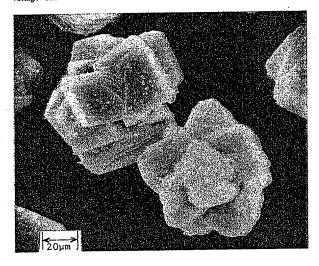
Lot No: 15A-2 Magnification: 600× Voltage: 20kV



#### SEM: 6

Excipient: Calcium carbonate
Manufacturer: Whittaker, Clark & Daniels
Lot No: 15A-2

Magnification: 2400× Voltage: 20kV



# 11. Stability and Storage Conditions

Calcium carbonate is stable and should be stored in a wellclosed container in a cool, dry place.

### 12. Incompatibilities

Incompatible with acids and ammonium salts (see also Sections 10 and 19).

# 13. Method of Manufacture

Calcium carbonate is prepared by double decomposition of calcium chloride and sodium bicarbonate in aqueous solution. Density and fineness are governed by the concentration of the solutions. Calcium carbonate is also obtained from the naturally occurring minerals aragonite, calcite, and vaterite.

#### 14. Safety

Calcium carbonate is mainly used in oral pharmaceutical formulations and is generally regarded as a nontoxic material. However, calcium carbonate administered orally may cause constipation and flatulence. Consumption of large quantities (4-60 g daily) may also result in hypercalcemia or renal impairment. (7) Therapeutically, oral doses of up to 1 g are employed as an antacid. Calcium carbonate may interfere with the absorption of other drugs from the gastrointestinal tract if administered concominantly.

LD<sub>50</sub> (rat: oral) 6.45 g/kg.(8)

## 15. Handling precautions

Observe normal precautions appropriate to the circumstances and quantity of material handled. Calcium carbonate may be irritant to the eyes and on inhalation. Eye protection, gloves, and a dust mask are recommended. Calcium carbonate should be handled in a well-ventilated environment. In the UK, the

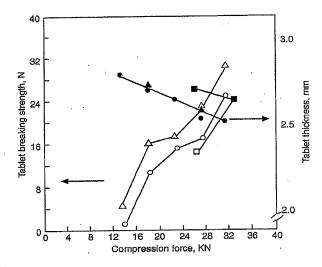


Fig. 1: Compression characteristics of calcium carbonate.

O: Unlubricated, Carver laboratory press

△ : Lubricated, Carver laboratory press

□ ■: Lubricated, instrumental Stokes model F-single punch press

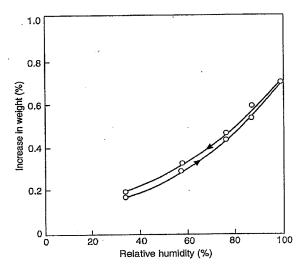


Fig. 2: Moisture sorption-desorption isotherm of calcium carbonate.

long-term (8-hour TWA) occupational exposure limit for calcium carbonate is  $10\ mg/m^3.^{(9)}$ 

# 16. Regulatory Status

GRAS listed. Accepted for use as a food additive in Europe. Included in FDA Inactive Ingredients Guide (oral capsules and tablets, and otic solutions). Included in nonparenteral medicines licensed in the UK.

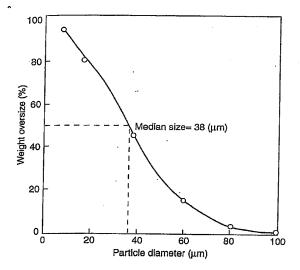


Fig. 3: Particle-size distribution of calcium carbonate.

#### 17. Pharmacopeias

Eur, Int, Jpn, Pol, and US.

#### 18. Related Substances

Directly compressible tablet diluents containing calcium carbonate and other excipients are commercially available.

#### 19. Comments

When used in tablets containing aspirin and related substances, traces of iron may cause discoloration. This may be overcome by inclusion of a suitable chelating agent. Grades with reduced lead levels are commercially available for use in antacids and calcium supplements.

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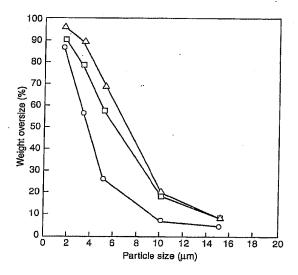


Fig. 4: Particle-size distribution of calcium carbonate. (Sturcal, Rhone-Poulenc Inc.)

O: Sturcal F □: Sturcal H  $\Delta$ : Sturcal L

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# 22. Author

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